

试卷代号:3896

国家开放大学2019年秋季学期期末统一考试

人文英语 1 试题

2020年1月

注 意 事 项

一、将你的学号、姓名及分校(工作站)名称填写在答题纸的规定栏内。考试结束后,把试卷和答题纸放在桌上。试卷和答题纸均不得带出考场。监考人收完考卷和答题纸后才可离开考场。

二、仔细阅读题目的说明,并按题目要求答题。答案一定要写在答题纸的指定位置上,写在试卷上的答案无效。

三、用蓝、黑圆珠笔或钢笔答题,使用铅笔答题无效。

一、交际用语 (共计 10 分, 每小题 2 分)

1—5 题: 选择正确的语句完成下列对话, 并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

1. —Hi, Wang Xin, nice to meet you!

—Hi, Liu Hui, _____

- A. nice to meet you too.
- B. how do you do?
- C. I'm fine, thank you.

2. —Seat belts save lives.

—_____

- A. I won't put on my seat belt.
- B. I will put on my seat belt.
- C. It's true. I agree.

3. —Tomorrow will be fine. Shall we go out for a picnic?

—_____

- A. Sounds great !
- B. Good luck !
- C. Have fun!

4. —Are you ready to take a ride in my new sports car?

—_____

- A. I don't like your sports car.
- B. Yes, I can't wait.
- C. No, I won't.

5. —What's the problem, Harry?

—_____

- A. No problem.
- B. I can't remember where I left my glasses.
- C. Not at all.

二、词汇与结构(共计 30 分,每小题 2 分)

6—20 题:阅读下面的句子,从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的正确选项,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

6. The case happened _____ Tuesday afternoon.
A. in B. on
C. at
7. I got a present, an iPad _____ my best friend.
A. with B. to
C. from
8. The schools informed the parents _____ the case immediately.
A. in B. to
C. of
9. The train is running fifty miles _____.
A. an hour B. the hour
C. a hour
10. You'll _____ have your own room.
A. all B. each
C. both
11. Well, I heard him _____ he'd cover the afternoon shift.
A. say B. said
C. to say
12. The traffic accident _____ three days ago.
A. was happened B. took place
C. was occurred
13. Social workers should learn how to _____ people.
A. look at B. look into
C. look after

14. They _____ some social work at the weekends.
A. do B. does
C. did
15. I enjoy _____ books in the library.
A. read B. reading
C. to read
16. I would like to do the job _____ you don't force me to study.
A. in case B. although
C. as long as
17. The police asked the driver to _____ the car to have an alcohol test.
A. pull out B. pull on
C. pull over
18. A student will probably attend four or five courses during each _____.
A. seminar B. semester
C. season
19. They would _____ any weakness and any fear.
A. come B. overcome
C. throw
20. They must try to _____ the boundaries of knowledge.
A. extend B. increase
C. enrich

三、阅读理解(共 40 分,每小题 4 分)

21—25 题: 阅读短文,从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个正确答案,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

Ten workers in China pushed their boss's car three miles home after an office party because they were all too drunk to drive. The group was enjoying a meal at a restaurant in downtown Changchun, Jilin Province (northeast China). When the party was over, Boss Zhang Fei found that he was too drunk to drive. Then suddenly they realized nobody had stayed sober enough to drive his car.

Drink-driving was listed as a dangerous offence in China in 2014, esp. when the driver is drunk. Those who break the law will have their driving license revoked, face a heavy fine and may be put in jail. Zhang did not want to leave his car downtown and it was too late to call out another driver to drive the car for him. Someone then suggested they push the car home, and said that the exercise would do them all good. Thus, all ten quickly agreed and set off with Zhang at the wheel. All ten workers pushed their boss's car home through the city streets, laughing and singing during the 45-minute journey. Passers-by were shocked to see the group.

Traffic officers said that as long as the car's engine was not running, it would not be classed as drink-driving under the law. However, it is still very dangerous for so many people to push the car along the road, as it may cause traffic accidents.

21. _____ workers in China pushed their boss's car home in _____ minutes.

A. 45,10

B. 3, 8

C. 10, 45

22. Drink-driving was listed as a dangerous offence in China in _____.

A. 2013

B. 2014

C. 2015

23. Those who break the law may _____.

A. not have their driving license revoked

B. not face a heavy fine

C. be put in jail

24. People pushing the car along the road would not be classed as drink-driving because _____.

A. the car engine was not running

B. those people didn't drink

C. there were no police on the road

25. We can infer from the passage that drink-driving _____ the law.

A. is not against

B. is against

C. has nothing to do with

26—30 题:请根据短文内容判断给出的语句是否正确,正确的写“T”,错误的写“F”,并将答案写在答题纸上。

In an extended family, all the people share one household. Apart from parents and children, there may be other family members: grandparents, aunts, uncles, cousins, etc. That is to say, a large family may have more than two generations, and often there are more than two adults from different generations of a family.

The family members live together for many reasons. They may help to bring up children or to take care of an ill relative. They may also help with saving money. Sometimes children are brought up by their grandparents, for their parents have died or can never take care of them. Many grandparents look after the children, particularly when both parents are busy working. This large family is called extended family. It can be found all over the world. The number of these families has increased by 40 percent in the past ten years. Most of such families live happily together.

26. In an extended family, people live in different houses.

27. An extend family includes at least three generations.

28. In an extended family, children are looked after by their grandparents because their parents are traveling around.

29. Extended families can be found all over the world.

30. Children can live happily with their parents and grandparents.

四、翻译(共 20 分,每小题 4 分)

31—35 题:选择正确的译文,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

31. Susan Brown was in a family way when she was seventeen and became a mother by eighteen.

A. 苏珊·布朗 17 岁时过上家庭生活,18 岁时做了母亲。

B. 苏珊·布朗 17 岁时进入到一个家庭,18 岁时做了母亲。

C. 苏珊·布朗 17 岁时怀孕,18 岁时做了母亲。

32. He focused his mind on his lesson.
- A. 他按时做功课。
 - B. 他把心思集中在功课上。
 - C. 他一直在做功课。
33. I want to know when he is leaving for New York tomorrow.
- A. 我想知道他明天什么时候动身去纽约。
 - B. 我想知道他明天什么时候离开纽约。
 - C. 我想知道他明天什么时候正在去纽约。
34. He has drunk too much to drive home safely.
- A. 他喝太多酒只是为了安全开车回家。
 - B. 他喝了太多酒以致不能安全地开车回家。
 - C. 他喝了太多酒也能安全开车回家。
35. Abusers use fear, guilt, shame to wear you down and keep you under his or her thumb.
- A. 施暴者用恐吓、犯罪和羞辱来把你打到在地,把你置于他(她)的掌控之下。
 - B. 施暴者用恐吓、犯罪和羞辱来挫败你,把你置于他(她)的掌控之下。
 - C. 施暴者用恐吓、犯罪和羞辱来把你打到在地,把你置于他(她)的拇指之下。

座位号

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人文英语 1 试题答题纸

题 号	一	二	三	四	总 分
分 数					

得 分	评卷人

1—5 题:选择正确的语句完成下面对话,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

1. 2. 3. 4. 5.

得 分	评卷人

6—20 题:阅读下面的句子,从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的正确选项,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
11.	12.	13.	14.	15.
16.	17.	18.	19.	20.

得 分	评卷人

21—25 题: 阅读短文, 从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个正确答案, 并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

21. 22. 23. 24. 25.

26—30 题:请根据短文内容判断给出的语句是否正确,正确的写“T”,错误的写“F”,并将答案写在答题纸上。

26. 27. 28. 29. 30.

得 分	评卷人

四、翻译(共计 20 分,每小题 4 分)

31—35:选择正确的译文,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

31. 32. 33. 34. 35.

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国家开放大学2019年秋季学期期末统一考试

人文英语1 试题答案及评分标准

(供参考)

2020年1月

一、交际用语(共计10分,每小题2分)

1—5题:选择正确的语句完成下列对话,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

1. A 2. C 3. A 4. B 5. B

二、词汇与结构(共计30分,每小题2分)

6—20题:阅读下面的句子,从A、B、C三个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的正确选项,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

6. B 7. C 8. C 9. A 10. B
11. A 12. B 13. C 14. A 15. B
16. C 17. C 18. B 19. B 20. A

三、阅读理解(共40分,每小题4分)

21—25题:阅读短文,从A、B、C三个选项中选出一个正确答案,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

21. C 22. B 23. C 24. A 25. B

26—30题:请根据短文内容判断给出的语句是否正确,正确的写“T”,错误的写“F”,并将答案写在答题纸上。

26. F 27. T 28. F 29. T 30. T

四、翻译(共20分,每小题4分)

31—35题:选择正确的译文,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

31. C 32. B 33. A 34. B 35. B